

SOAP AND SO FORTH.

HIGH JINKS TO PAY IN THE E. C. NEIDT SOAP COMPANY.

J. Murray Moorhead Begins Suit Against Neidt to Recover \$16,200 Damages for False and Fraudulent Representations—The Complaint in Full.

Rather a sensational suit has been begun in the Superior Court of this county. The complaint was filed yesterday, and following is a copy:

In the Superior Court of Los Angeles county, State of California.

J. Murray Moorhead vs. E. C. Neidt.

Defendant and complainant of the defendant alleges:

1. That during the months of November and December, 1886, the defendant, Neidt, was the owner and possessed of 4544 shares of the capital stock of the E. C. Neidt Soap and Chemical Manufacturing Company, a existing corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of California, with a capital stock of \$75,000, divided into 7300 shares, at a par value of \$10 per share, and was president, principal manager, and supervisor of said corporation, and as such during said months, and at all times, had accurate and full knowledge of the monthly manufactures and products of said corporation, and of its capacity to produce, and of the amount of its monthly sales of soap, chemicals, axle-grease, washing-blue and other products.

2. That the defendant so knowing of the amount of the monthly products, the manufacture of soap, washing-blue, chemicals and ammonia, the manufacturing capacity of the works and the machine of said corporation, and of the month, and of the amount of its monthly sales of soap and chemicals, and having full and complete knowledge and information of all of said facts, falsely and fraudulently represented to the plaintiff that the manufacture of soap, washing-blue, chemicals and machinery of said corporation per month, during the months of November and December, 1886, and for a long time prior thereto, was, and had been, 120,000 pounds of ordinary soap, 10,000 pounds of oil soap, 500 cases of axle-grease, 500 cans of washing-blue, 1000 cases of ammonia, and that the said corporation was then producing and selling, and for a long time prior thereto, had produced monthly and sold and disposed of per month of that amount of said article and products of said corporation, and of the net profits of said corporation, and that the said sales were, per month, the sum of \$1973, and it was further represented by the plaintiff that said corporation was then producing and selling, and for a long time prior thereto, had produced monthly and sold and disposed of per month of that amount of said article and products of said corporation, and of the net profits of said corporation, and that the said sales were, per month, the sum of \$959.72.

3. That the plaintiff, relying upon such representations and assertions, and each and every of them, and believing that such representations and assertions and each of them were truly accepted, such proposition, and relied upon, and the said number of shares to wit, 2272, and paid the defendant the said sum of \$959.72.

4. That such representations and assertions, and each of them, at the time they were so made by the defendant, were false, and the said defendant, at the time of making and each of them were false and fraudulent in this, to wit, that said corporation was not then producing or had produced monthly or at all the said amounts of soaps and chemicals, or chemicals, or any amount of axle-grease, washing-blue, or machinery, or either, have the capacity or power to produce monthly or at all said amounts or any of them; nor was the said corporation selling or disposing of, monthly or at all said amounts, nor did the net profits of said corporation, and the associated expenses of the second contract, render the said sales amount to the monthly sum of \$1973 or any other sum or at all, nor did the said sales or productions or the business of said corporation produce any profit, nor otherwise, monthly or otherwise, or at all, nor did the said corporation, and the said amounts as part of its capital stock or assets, 398 feet of ground on New North Main street, or other or any amount of land or frontage thereon than 218 feet, and made them to plaintiff with the intent to cheat, defraud and deceive him.

5. That the plaintiff, at the time such representations and assertions were made to him by the defendant, had known that such were false, he would not have purchased the said 2272 or any shares of stock, of said corporation, nor paid to the defendant the sum of \$959.72, or other or any sum of money whatever, therefore.

6. That by reason of the said false and fraudulent representations of defendant so made to the plaintiff, he has been damaged in the sum of \$16,200.

Therefore plaintiff prays against the defendant for the sum of \$16,200 and his costs of suit.

H. T. GAGE and JOHN ROBERTS, Attorneys for plaintiff.

It will be remembered that Neidt began an action against Moorhead some time ago, and a complaint and accounting for certain monies alleged to have been handled by Moorhead and for the appointment of a receiver.

Moorehead claims that he loaned Neidt money with which to pay an assessment on his stock, and also loaned money to the company to the amount of \$800. The \$800 which Neidt claims he was unlawfully appropriated went to pay this and other debts.

He also that said the gentleman to whom the books have been examined by experts and reported correct, and that all the actions of his management have been ratified by the Board of Directors and two-thirds of the stockholders.

AGAINST "THE MACHINE."

Sound Advice to Republican and Independent Citizens.

At the First Ward caucus to select delegates, held in the Wigwam in East Los Angeles, Friday evening, July 13th, D. Gilbert Dexter called the meeting to order, and after reading the call, addressed the meeting.

At this time his words may prove interesting reading, as they contain a hint of possible future independent political action in municipal affairs. Mr. Dexter said:

"Republicans of Ward One: This is a meeting of the common importance. I hear rumors that the caucuses in this city to-night, and that the caucuses are to be controlled by the machine in politics. Also that the 'bosses' will try to control everything. Also that Democrats will try to assist the 'bosses' in their attempt, etc. Now, I cannot believe that such a state of affairs exists in this good city of ours; and advised the gentleman to meet 'Mr. Woodward' by all means. This was agreed to, Friday as they were coming from the Lucas trial. Mr. Brown saw the confidence-worker standing on the corner of Spring and Main Streets, at 8 o'clock, and the city official who was after Harris, but, when they returned, smooth 'Mr. Woodward' was not in sight, having taken alarm and skipped. Mr. Brown left for home Friday night, but the officers will keep an eye on 'Mr. Woodward,' and if he goes wrong he will be taken in."

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS.

A Big Budget of Street Business Transacted. The Board of Public Works held a two-hours' session yesterday morning.

V. Dol presented a remonstrance against widening or improving Adams street in front of his 1300-foot fronting thereon, and that should entrance be made upon the premises for the purpose of widening the street, he would immediately enter suit for damages.

The communication was referred to the City Attorney and City Surveyor to have the same reported upon as soon as possible.

E. L. Blanchard and others presented another petition for a street to be graded, and the same, between Soto street at the city limits, as it would make too much of a cut in front of their property.

Bonsai, McFarland and others reported that they could not induce property-owners to underwrite the cost of grading a street. It was recommended that the permission granted heretofore to do this work be rescinded, and that the City Attorney be instructed to draw a resolution to do the work under the Vrooman Act.

The petition of S. C. Marbury for the construction of a sidewalk in front of his Downey-avenue property was referred to the Street Superintendent.

CONSTRUCTING SIDEWALKS. Recommendation was made that the Superintendent grant permits to property-owners on their application to lay cement sidewalks and curbs under the Vrooman Act.

The board took further time to consider the report of Arcadia Bode Baker that Adams street be curbed with granite, the recommendation of the Surveyor under the Vrooman Act, from Main to Los Angeles street, the street railway company to do the work required of it on that street.

John Keifer's request for a survey to define the north line of Arcadia street, from Main to Los Angeles street, from the City Surveyor. Mr. Keifer wished to erect a building.

A number of petitions for permission to construct sidewalks were referred to the Superintendent of Streets, as was one for the repair of a sidewalk on Temple street.

The petition of E. W. Lewis to have Hewitt street graded between First and Georgia streets, under the Vrooman Act, was referred to the City Attorney, with instructions to draw a necessary resolution.

The petition of Joseph Kurtz and others for a grading of the intersection of Fort and Rock streets was referred to the Street Superintendent, with instructions to report as to its advisability.

Complaint was made that the grade of Fort street between Temple and Franklin streets, and the same of the streets which of those streets which are already improved.

A protest was presented by Buschman, Clapp and others against paying for the grading of Seventh street from Main to San Pedro street, the same is done with proper material and in a proper manner.

The street has been surfaced with coarse sand and fine gravel.

MUSICAL.

A very pleasant and informal musical was given last Friday evening by Mrs. A. E. Small, at her rooms in the California Bank building. Among the local musicians who assisted Mrs. Small in her evening's programme were the Misses Joran, Mrs. J. Daniel, Mr. J. Hubert, Mr. L. Gottschalk and Mr. A. M. Hawthorne.

SURPRISE PARTY.

On Monday evening last, Mrs. L. M. Davis of No. 1 Pearl street, gave a little surprise party to a friend, who had been away a week or two good. A party of friends was particularly festive; such was the one last night. From 9 to 10 o'clock the talented Joran sisters gave a delightful and classical hour of music, and then the dancers had the rest of the evening for their own. A number of Angelites were invited to the party, and especially, those who are sojourning for the summer.

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Complaint was made by F. C. Howes and others that the Bituminous Lime Rock Paving Company has commenced an extensive paving of the streets of Los Angeles, on New North Main street (then known as Chavez street) a distance of 365 feet, with improvements thereon, and upon making such representations and assertions offered to sell to this plaintiff 2272 shares of the capital stock of said corporation for the sum of \$959.72.

That the plaintiff, relying upon such representations and assertions, and each and every of them, and believing that such representations and assertions and each of them were truly accepted, such proposition, and relied upon, and the same of the intersection of Fort and Rock streets was referred to the Street Superintendent, with instructions to report as to its advisability.

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THE TARIFF QUESTION.

PURELY A PRACTICAL QUESTION OF WAGES.

Views of a Capitalist—Workingmen Present a Solid Front—Against Free Trade Heresies—The Situation from an Ohio Standpoint.

CINCINNATI, July 16.—[Special correspondence of THE TIMES.] The Democratic Philadelphia Times struck the keynote when it said that some Democrats were making tools of themselves by lying about Gen. Harrison. It goes on to say that the first invention of the campaign lie is that Gen. Harrison had voted in the Senate to admit Chinese labor into the country without hindrance to compete with our domestic labor, and the second is, that he opposed the labor strike of 1877, and that he said, "A dollar a day is enough for any workingman." It brands both of these as lies cut out whole cloth, and recommends the Democracy to let personalities alone and confine itself to the real issues before the country.

And I find that this is the sentiment all over the East. Harrison and Morton, Cleveland and Thurman, are practically not considered in this campaign. Of course, Republicans are glad of the fact that Harrison, personally, being of the Tippecanoe strain, is such a drawing card. There are dozens and dozens of glee clubs being organized, and scores of songs prepared for the purpose of singing Harrison into the White House, as his illustrious grand-sire was in '40. Some of these songs are very funny, and, in one respect, will add plenty of good "humor" to the campaign. For instance, no one could refuse to be tickled by the marching cadence:

"And when some jubilant son-of-a-gun
Yells, 'Harrison's main-tain-er Harrison?'
We're rep'lyin', 'Up in the hea-ven,
'We're all right!'

But in another respect this will be the most bitterly-contested fight in 30 years. The President, together with his friends, Scott, Mills, and Breckinridge, having so uncompromisingly declared themselves for free trade, the American workmen and the American capitalists are waking up to the situation. With a majority in Congress; with rebel brigadiers in high places; with the secession idea about to be reinforced in the Supreme Court; with an admirer of Calhoun in the Presidential chair; with the tariff principle of the late Confederate Constitution permeating all ranks of the party in power, with Anglo-maniacs in the cabinet and King-ist notions, British bandanas and English money circulating freely in that central city of importers, New York, the situation is, to say the least, threatening, and it is so considered by old and conservative business men, as well as workingmen, and even Cleveland and his advisers are becoming alarmed at the resistance offered to his message. Why, the other day three of Ohio's most prominent manufacturers flopped over to Harrison in one day. Nothing amuses a close observer more than the way the President crawled out of the position he occupied heretofore in his Fourth of July letter. Rampant on free trade heretofore, he now sees in the gathering clouds an indication of a great storm. I am amused, too, at the position which the New York Herald and papers of that stripe take now. They vehemently declare that they are no free-traders—as does the President since the 4th of July. In the name of goodness, what are they, then, if they advocate a tariff for revenue only? If the Democratic party advocates a tariff for revenue only, that is exactly what England is doing, and the English call themselves advocates of free trade. What is the use of this squabble over a name? England collects duties to the amount of \$120,000,000 per annum and maintains that it is a free-trade country. And so it is. Tariff for revenue only means no tariff for protection, and that means free trade. Adam Smith called it that, and the Cobden Club calls it that, and every Englishman under the sun would protest that the rose under any other name would not smell as sweet. I repeat, why is the Democratic party afraid of being called a free-trade party? The answer is easily found. That word free trade alarms the laborer; it reminds the Irishman of Ireland and its wretchedness and destitution; it reminds the statesman of Spain's condition, the condition of Portugal, and that of Australia before it threw off the shackles of serfdom to English ideas and introduced a protective tariff. The issues between the two parties are clean-cut. The Republican party is for protecting American labor, first, last and all the time, and irrespective of consequences in the way of a surplus, being, however, desirous of reducing this by abolishing those war taxes levied under what is called the internal revenue system. The Democratic party is for a tariff for revenue only, or as some of their leaders have said since the 4th of July, "A revenue tariff with incidental protection." Oh, how these Democrats hedge!

As I said before, American workmen are alarmed because this whole tariff question is really only a question of wages. Said Col. A. S. Colyar, in a speech delivered only a few months ago: "There is nothing in the tariff except the wage question; that is to say, the adoption of a free-trade policy must result in one or two things, either breaking up our manufacturing industries, because the people will not work at the wages, or reducing the price of labor. Much as gentlemen may seek to avoid it and get around it, there can be no denial of the fact with any man who will come up and meet the question, that one of two things must be done if free trade is adopted. If the laboring people can not be induced to work at the wages paid in England, for instance, it matters very little with the manufacturer; but the question is, What is going to become of the laboring people? What are they going to do? Will they quit work if the wages are reduced from 50 to 100 per cent? Will they quit work, or will they allow their wages to be reduced so as to enable the manufacturer to compete with the English manufacturer?

It is a little difficult to tell what the free-trade element is contending for. They avoid the discussion, in a great measure, of wages, and yet the proposition cannot be denied that if the English people can manufacture goods with labor that receives from 50 to 100 per cent. less than our labor gets; therefore our manufacturers must, if they continue in business and find a market for their goods, reduce the price of labor. When free trade was proposed in England, Sir Robert Peel, who took the lead in it, was bold enough to say that they must make their people work cheaper, if they controlled the markets of the world, than the laboring people in the country where they sold their goods; and it is due to the laboring people in this coun-

try now that the free-traders shall tell them candidly that if free trade is adopted they will be obliged to work, if they work at all, at 50 to 100 per cent. less than what they are working for now. I do not believe that our laboring people can be brought to this. I believe the great bulk of them would abandon their pursuits and go out on the cheap lands and undertake to make a living, and so far as engaged in farming would become competitors of the farmer. Again, the tariff is recognized as a question of wages only, look at this statement of one of the most prominent manufacturers in this city: "I employ 75 men. I pay them \$3 a day. I have received a circular sent out by a firm in England that makes a new line of goods. They pay their men 80 cents a day. Taken at the tariff, and I must compete with them in open market, and, to do so, the wages of my men must come down to the wages paid their workmen. Now, shall I go to the polls, and ask my men to go with me, and vote for free trade and English wages, or shall we vote for protection and our bread and butter? They say money will go further under free trade. But what does it matter if I can buy my clothing a little cheaper, if I have no money to buy either food or clothing? If England can compete with us, my factory must close. Now, if a whole suit of clothing could be bought for a dollar, how could my men buy it, with no work with which to earn the dollar? While English wages on an average are 90 per cent. less than ours, the cost of living is only 17 per cent. cheaper in England than here. This shows which way the workmen will vote this fall."

Will American workmen allow themselves to be degraded to the position of English workmen? I have before me statements of the condition of English workmen. Their plight is one almost too sad to contemplate by citizens of this prosperous land. But all is summed up in this statement made by Ardeacon Farrar in 1885: "England has one of the most perfect systems in the poorhouse or hospital, and one of every five of the population of London in the same place." Sovereign American wage-worker, how do you like that?

PASADENA AND GARVANZA.

A Letter from Ben Harrison—Sunday Notes

PASADENA, July 27.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] The story nowadays is that this one or that one has gone to the beach or the mountains is a chestnut. It is so common an occurrence that one will not go amiss by saying that every one with sufficient of the necessary wherewithal is at the present time either rusticking or preparing to do so.

Mrs. Rippey, who resides on Franklin avenue, is in receipt of a letter from recent date from Benjamin Harrison, in which he acknowledges the receipt of her congratulatory letter, and speaks of other things, referring to old-time acquaintances. Mrs. Rippey is a member of the Harrison family.

Runaways seem to be the order of the day. Today three different ones took flight. Hubbard & Co.'s horse, attached to a light wagon, started off and collided with another, which detached the horse, and but little injury was done. A Celestial's horse sowed cabbage, onions, potatoes, beans, corn, etc., along South Fair Oaks. The Union Ice Company's horses overturned its wagon, but the driver soon got them under control again.

Get your supply at Seymour & Johnson Co.

Novelties in Camis or Neckties At I. L. Lowman's, 26 South Spring street.

A CANDID CONFESSION.
For several years I suffered from Dyspepsia and Kidney Complaint, the latter being so severe as to render me incapable of work. My weight was reduced to 110 lbs., and I was much emaciated, but through the use of Joy's Vegetable Saraparilla my appetite and digestion improved till my health was perfectly restored.

John M. Lollar
Redding, Cal.

PUP ME ON THE LIST.

I suffered for years from cataract. It destroyed my sight and weakened my system. None of the medical sciences could help me, until I commenced taking the California Remedy, a Vegetable Saraparilla. I began taking it last spring and am now entirely free from this disgusting disease, and am again strong and healthy.

Lizzie A. Hall
Mohave, Cal.

Second-street Park

Grand concert by Meine Bros.' Band, Sunday, July 29th at 2 P.M.

PROGRAMME:

A. E. Peacock's march (Bonne).

Selection, "Sonambula" (Bellini).

Paraphrase on German songs (Nesosoda).

Polka, "Toujours Galant" (Fahrbach).

Overture, "Les Flanders" (Bullion).

Potpourri, "Little Blossom" (Boettger).

Selection, "Maritana" (Wallace).

Mazurka, "Blou" (Meyer).

Comic medley, "Hash" (Bouglas).

Waltz, "Nick o' the Woods" (Weigand).

March, "Panfare" (Lange).

Notes.

All voters who have not yet registered will

please call at their earliest convenience at the

public office of the Board of Registration.

Each voter will be asked to pay a

small fee to be used on the

public welfare.

Where to Eat.

The public demands fresh meats, and as we

are always ready to serve our friends and

the public in general, we have added to our

list of fare the best steaks and chops the

most expensive.

PARIS MADE CORSETS

PRODUCE AN ELEGANT FORM.

Where to Eat.

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I have before me statements of the condition of English workmen. Their plight is one almost too sad to contemplate by citizens of this prosperous land. But all is summed up in this statement made by Ardeacon Farrar in 1885: "England has one of the most perfect systems in the poorhouse or hospital, and one of every five of the population of London in the same place."

Sovereign American wage-worker, how do you like that?

Los Angeles.

Summer School.

Los Angeles Business College and English

Training School, corner Temple and New

High streets.

PAINTING, paper hanging, etc.: first-class

work at moderate prices; send post card for

estimates to: Ashmore & Tweeddale, 120 W.

Fifth street, Los Angeles. 8-19

Fire!

Insure in the New York Underwriters' Agency, W. A. Bonney, resident agent, 33

South Spring street, room 8.

Heila.

Star Sign Company, come to my store and

paint me a pictorial sign. P. D. Q.

Wedding cakes a specialty at the American

Bakery, corner of First and Main streets

Give their bread a trial.

PALE GOODS.

Get your supply at Seymour & Johnson Co.

Novelties in Camis or Neckties

At I. L. Lowman's, 26 South Spring street.

The White House.

PROMISES

Must be Fulfilled,

AND THE

WHITE HOUSE CLOTHING COMPANY

Will at all times do as they say.

We announce in to day's issue the following

price list, showing the reduction of prices

from our last importation to continue until

the 30th of July:

PAN TALOON DEPARTMENT.

All-wool cassimere pants, best selected pat-

terns, merchant-tailor fit:

Reduced from \$10.00 to \$5.00.

Reduced from \$12.00 to \$6.00.

Reduced from \$15.00 to \$7.50.

Imported goods reduced from \$10.00 to \$5.00.

Imported goods reduced from \$12.00 to \$6.00.

Imported goods reduced from \$15.00 to \$7.50.

Rock Mill cassimere suits, for-

mer price \$10.00, now \$5.00.

Mountain Mill cassimere

suits, former price \$12.00, now \$6.00.

Lawrence Mill cassimere suits,

former price \$15.00, now \$14.00.

IMPORTED GOODS.

O. sky, leaning above

them, with eye blue as the dew-gemmed

violet.

Runaway meadow, do you not love to h-

ear the soft, full, full, full, full, full, full,

full, full, full,

TERMS OF THE TIMES.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR.

SERVED BY CARRIERS:	
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per week.....	\$.20
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per month.....	.85
BY MAIL, POSTAGE.....	
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per quarter.....	.85
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per year.....	9.00
HUNDRED, per year.....	2.00
WEEKLY MIRROR, per year.....	2.00

The Times is the only first-class morning Republican newspaper printed in Los Angeles, owning the exclusive right to publish here the telegraphic "night report" of the Associated Press, the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. Our news franchise is for a long term of years.

SUBSCRIBERS, when writing to have the address of their paper changed, should also state the former address.

RESPONSE to all correspondence will be given to the press. Use one side of the sheet only, write plainly, and send name for the private information of the Editor.

TIME-MIRROR TELEPHONES.

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Editorial Rooms..... No. 672

Time-Mirror Printing House..... 435

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TIME BUILDING,

N. E. cor. First and Spring Sts., Los Angeles, Cal.

ENTERED AT POSTOFFICE AS 2D-CLASS MATTER

Chr Times.

BY THE TIME-MIRROR COMPANY.

H. G. OTIS,

President and General Manager.

C. C. ALLEN, Vice-Prest. and Bus. Manager.

W. M. A. SPALDING, Secretary.

"Protection to American Industries and Homes."

"Tippecanoe
AND
Morton, too!"

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For President, HARRISON, MORTON, OF INDIANA, OF NEW YORK.

Down, Free Trade, Pension Veto and Bandana?

COUNTY TICKET.

Republican Legislative Nominations.

For State Senator:

DISTRICT XXXIX..... J. E. MCCOMAS.

For Assemblyman:

DISTRICT LXXXVI..... J. M. DAMRON.

DISTRICT LXXXVII..... JOHN B. BRIERLY.

DISTRICT LXXXVIII..... E. E. BOWARDS.

Judicial Nominations.

For Superior Judges:

Long Term..... J. WALTER VAN DYKE.

Short Term..... J. WILLIAM P. ALDRIDGE.

For County Sheriff:

H. E. STAFFORD.

For Supervisors:

DISTRICT II..... H. V. VAN DUSEN.

DISTRICT IV..... A. E. DAVIS.

DISTRICT V..... S. LITTLEFIELD.

City and Township Nominations.

For City Justices..... H. C. AUSTIN.

For Township Justice..... J. W. COOD.

For Constables..... FRED C. SMITH.

H. S. CLEMENT.

EX-PRESIDENT HAYES say the Republicans will carry New York.

"FAIR play is a jewel" — The convention was determined to have it, even if the delegates had to fight for it.

If every Republican in the county is as well satisfied with the convention's work as THE TIMES is, there should be nothing to disturb the harmony of this campaign.

Gov. RUSSELL A. ALGER is reported to have left a check for \$100,000 at the National Republican Committee's headquarters in New York. There is nothing small about Alger.

The world will soon be girdled with a belt of steel. It is now possible to travel from London to Samarcand, in Central Asia, by rail and steamboat, in eight days and twenty-two hours.

The funniest objection to the Republican national platform comes from the London Saturday Review, which says the platform is "too patriotic." That is certainly an unanswerable objection.

A CORRESPONDENT calls attention to the evidence of the sectional character of the Mills Bill furnished by the retention of the 100 per cent duty on rice and 68 per cent on sugar, while wool is made free. As our correspondent observes, this is the way the average of 30 per cent. that the Democrats talk so much about is kept up.

We have received from Iowa a letter urgently requesting us to write an able editorial in favor of the erection of a monument to "Mr. Potter." We promptly respond. Mr. Potter was no doubt a great statesman, and deserves a very tall monument. If our correspondent had had the forethought to send us a pedigree of Potter, with a diagram and specifications, we could have made this editorial much abler and more exhausting.

Of the seventeen members of the Oro Fino Club who were induced to withdraw through a scheme concocted in the Tribune office, for the purpose of disorganizing the club, over a dozen have returned, and the remainder will not be admitted by the club. Several of those whose names were appended to the Tribune resolution say they were not present and did not sign it, and one of the bolters admits that the document was framed in the Tribune office. Thus has another carefully-conceived plan of the "only pure Republican paper" come to grief.

A SELF-RIGHTEOUS but vulnerable sheet—"the only pure Republican Journal," etc., etc.—casts an oblique and sneaking slur on the community, because one of its pets has not been shown public favor, intimating that he is altogether too pure (with a large P) to get office in a community which tolerates "an extreme degree of black-guardism," etc. A community which tolerates revenue robbers, whisky thieves, sour-mash apostles, grand and petit larcenists, political mercenaries, and other gentlemen and cattle of that sort has also a good deal to answer for —by

POINTS OF THE MORNING'S NEWS.

The Bulgarian throne declined by the Duke of Cumberland and tendered to Prince Waldmar, Dakota Indians refuse to sign away their lands. Terrible carriage accident near Great Barrington, Mass. John L. Sullivan's show collapses. Shoddy factory burned near Portland, Or. The Redding stage robbed. The yacht Coronet sails from San Diego.

The Mitchelstown inquest results in a finding that Mandeville's death was caused by cruelty in prison. An aeronaut's seat at London. Morton and the National Republican Executive Committee in conference. Fatal accident on the Saratoga race track. Conflicting reports about the recent affray in Stevens County, Kan. The President's fishing trip. Capture of a Canton (O.) burglar at Sacramento. A bulletin from Gen. Sheridan. Ex-Governor Porter of Indiana declines to be a gubernatorial candidate. The Vatican's efforts to prevent Emperor William visiting Rome probably successful. Yesterday's base ball games. Summary of the races. Release of the City of Peking from quarantine. Costly residence at Culoden Park burned. A train-robber killed near Sonora. Rain and washouts in Arizona. Statement of a year's imports of oranges and lemons. Two of the Chicago Anarchists surrendered by their bondsman. Ex-Speaker Randall goes to his home in Pennsylvania. The Northern Pacific to be extended into Manitoba. Suits ordered against Utah and Wyoming timber companies. Proceedings in Senate and House. Speeches of Gen. Harrison at Indianapolis. More testimony in the immigration inquiry at New York. Prices of California fruits at Chicago.

An Arraignment of the Prohibitionists.

In a recent issue of the Chicago Inter Ocean, Judge Albion Tourgee has a courteous, candid and irrefutable criticism of the motives and ends of the Prohibitionists, which deserves the careful consideration of all those mistaken persons who believe that they can best forward the interests of temperance by giving their support to a party whose avowed object is to destroy the most potent friend which temperance has in the United States.

Judge Tourgee commences by condemning the inalienable right of the American citizen to go his own political way, and ally himself with any party which he believes will best serve the cause of good government. It is when the Prohibitionists lay claim to an exceptional and exclusive sincerity of purpose that they violate the plainest principles of political ethics, and invite the same sort of invective in which they choose to deal. A party claiming exceptional purity of purpose cannot expect to be treated with exceptional consideration. The Prohibitionists must be content to be judged by the rules which apply to all political organization.

The National Prohibition party, says Judge Tourgee, judged by the rule governing the action of all parties, must be taken to intend one of four things: (1) To secure control of the National Government at the ensuing election; or (2), to defeat the Republican party in the hope of accomplishing its dismemberment; or (3), to prevent the repeal of the internal revenue tax upon the sale of spirits and tobacco, unless the people will consent to give them the power to do this and all other things that they may desire, in their own way; or (4), to secure as an objective the continued ascendancy of the Democratic party, with Grover Cleveland and the solid South at its head. No one has yet been bold enough to assert even the shadow of an expectation that the Prohibitionists will succeed in electing their candidates. Its candidates were not nominated with any such expectation. Neither were they nominated with the hope of defeating the Democratic party. Of its entire vote of 152,000 in 1884, more than two-thirds were obtained in States giving Republican majorities. To show that the prime object of the Prohibitionists is to secure the defeat of the Republicans in the close States, Judge Tourgee adduces these indubitable facts:

(1.) The Prohibition party did secure the defeat of the Republican party in 1884. (2.) Its membership in the States of the North—the only ones where its vote can be of any significance in a national election—was then far less than the aggregate of Republican lineage and antecedents. (3.) In some of these States, at least, Democratic saloon-keepers contributed funds to the Prohibition campaign for the express purpose of defeating the Republicans. (4.) The virulence of Prohibitionists' attacks on the Republican party unmistakably disclose the common purpose of the organization. (5.) The Democratic press, which in any practical State issue are the most violent and persistent in their opposition to Prohibition, have been entirely Prohibition speeches, and entirely refrain from unfriendly comment in a national campaign showing that they universally regard the Prohibitionists as their political allies.

The investigation of the immigration affairs of the country has not commenced any too soon. Every day that the investigation continues the evidence produced shows more clearly how necessary restrictive measures are. At yesterday's session of the committee in New York, testimony was introduced to show that there are several societies in Germany, with government officials among the directors, whose avowed purpose it is to send discharged criminals to this country. It is high time that stern measures were taken to prevent the United States from being used as the dumping ground for European criminals. Our duty to posterity, as well as self-interest, demands the framing of strong legislation for the protection of this country from such a threatening evil.

GREAT cities breed poverty and crime in the United States as well as in Europe. Food for thought is furnished by the fact that, last month, New York's police magistrates committed 4,667 children to charitable institutions. The class of immigration which we should specially encourage is that of agriculturists with some little means, who will go on the land and raise something instead of hanging around the centers of population and becoming a burden and danger to the community. Of such immigrants as we have indicated we cannot have too many.

Mr. ST. JOHN has corrected the published reports of what he said about the Republican party at Indianapolis, and given the official report of his statement, which we cheerfully reproduce:

SENATOR BLAINE's bill to regulate naturalization may or may not in all its details meet popular approval, but its chief purpose is undoubtedly in line with a growing popular sentiment.

AMUSEMENTS.

AT THE OPERA-HOUSE.—The Salzburg Troubadour's closed their week last night in *Three of a Kind*, after playing to good audiences.

MONDAY.

The colored people of the United States will not kiss the hand that smiles them, nor desert the party to which they owe their advancement. Whatever other claim they have in loyalty to the great Republican party and its candidates, Harrison and Morton, the colored citizens of the Republic will not fail in their duty in November.

Were the colored vote fairly counted in the Southern States, the Democrats would have no more show than an iceberg.

A LETTER from J. S. ("Rhet") Clarkson, chairman of the National Executive Committee, contains the following wholesome opinions: "Harrison is all right on the Chinese question. We are going to down the rebel crew again this fall, sure. Enthusiasm is great in Iowa, and still greater in the Eastern States. We expect California to fight a good fight and give a grand Republican majority."

The intention of the convention, when it resolved to reorganize the County Central Committee, was manifestly to have a thorough change in the composition of that committee. Unless this be done, the object of the convention will not have been attained. The Republican voters expect that the expressed will of the convention shall be carried out in good faith, and that new blood shall be instilled into an im-

telligent men. They are doing evil that good may come, and the evil will not be, but not expressed. The new committee has it in its power to remove these well-grounded causes of dissatisfaction by mobilizing from its ranks, or from the ranks of the party at large, an effective fighting force—an able executive committee.

Southern California on Wheels.

We are glad to learn that the proposed advertising scheme by which the agricultural resources of Southern California are to be shown in the East on a train load of cars is meeting with much encouragement in San Bernardino and San Diego counties and will surely be put through. This project is on a more complete scale than anything of the sort hitherto attempted. A train load of cars will be fitted up with every variety of agricultural and horticultural produce raised in this section, showing every stage in its growth, with plain statistics of cost, profits, etc., of each crop. This train will not be kept in the large cities, but taken to the smaller towns, giving farmers a good opportunity to see with their own eyes what they have heard so much about. "Seeing is believing," and the result of such conclusive proofs of our natural wealth cannot fail to return a thousand fold for the outlay.

The traveling exposition will have an advance agent like any other show, and will undoubtedly excite as much interest as a circus. In addition to the exhibit, an exhaustive pamphlet will be prepared for distribution. It is proposed to light the cars by electricity, and a stereopticon exhibition of Southern California scenes will also be given. The managers expect to be ready to start about March next.

The local political situation in San Diego, which has been a good deal disturbed, of late, is outlined in the following private letter from there, dated the 25th inst.:

You are doubtless aware that we have had a little "ruction" in San Diego over the action of the rump of our County Central Committee in ignoring the others and appointing delegates to the State convention. This action aroused so much feeling that the party came together and held a convention, and appointed men who are more truly representative than those chosen by the committee. Of course there will be a contest, but we are in the right, for the action of the committee will likely give the fact that but seven of the fifteen members comprising it were present. This is set forth in the resolutions adopted by the convention. Maj. Balchford offered resolutions indorsing the action of the County Central, and they went through with a whirl.

The Republican Convention did a graceful and well-timed thing just before the close of its session Friday night in instructing the delegates to the State Convention to support Congressman Vandever for a renomination.

Vandever is the winning man.

There is no doubt that he will be nominated, and there is no doubt, further, that he will get there.

There is a general feeling of deep satisfaction among local Republicans at the effectual manner in which bossism was rebuked at the late Republican Convention, and a universal belief that the campaign in this county, though not short, will be sharp and decisive.

THE LOUISIANA Legislature contemplates passing a bill forbidding corporations holding real estate longer than ten years. Louisiana evidently thinks that considerable good money is being dissipated in real estate in that State which ought to be invested in the lottery.

The Herald will have it that raisin-makers rather like the proposed reduction in the tariff on their product. Some soft-hearted fishermen maintain that eels like being skinned, but the general consensus of opinion is against both that and the Herald's views.

DEMOCRATS are already sick of the "bandana" hurrah. The Kansas City Times has a song which starts out as follows:

"Come all you gallant Democrats
And rally round our banner—
The glorious Stars and Stripes we mean,
And not a red bandana."

CONGRESSMAN MORROW predicts 15,000 Republican majority in California on the tariff issue. We ought certainly to do at least as well as, if not better. With a little well-directed energy and enthusiasm, the figures should be worked up to 20,000.

CANADIAN newspapers complain because so many people in that country wanted to celebrate the Fourth of July instead of the 1st, which is the Dominion's birthday. Our northern neighbors will soon be good members of Uncle Sam's family.

In 1882 Cleveland had 102,554 majority in New York. In 1884 he had less than 150. At the same rate of progression Harrison ought to carry the State by about 192,000 votes. We will, however, be content with 10 per cent. of that number.

THE list of prominent Democrats who will this year vote the Republican ticket becomes so large that it is impossible to keep track of half the names. We cannot begin to handle it without a new font of nonpareil.

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Mr. and Mrs. M. H. de Young were at Long Branch recently. They will return home in about a week.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Barton and family of Fresno have been visiting the Yosemite Valley.

OD. O. Mills, Edgar Mills and Edgar Mills, Jr., have gone to Europe, and will return in November.

PACIFIC COAST.

Big Fire Raging at Fresno—Heavy Losses.

Tulare Troubled at Losing the Methodist Conference.

The Coronet Resumes Her Voyage Around the World.

A San Francisco Rumor That Henry T. Gage Is a Congressional Candidate—An Eastern Burglar Busted at Sacramento—Other Coast Cleanings.

To Telegraph to The Times.

San Francisco, July 28.—[By the Associated Press.] There is a big fire in Fresno. Fresno, July 29.—Morning—A big fire is raging on the corner of K and Fresno streets in this city. The firemen are working hard, but the loss will not fall short of \$50,000.

TULARE TROUBLED.

She Must Have the Coming Methodist Conference.

San Francisco, July 28.—[By the Associated Press.] A Tulare dispatch to the Chronicle says that the people of that place are much incensed at the evident intention of moving the seat of the Southern Methodist Episcopal Conference, which meets in September, from that city to Pasadena. The citizens believe that all requirements, such as free entertainment for delegates and other matters pertinent to the holding of the conference at Tulare, have been met by them, and this alleged determination on the part of the church officials to disregard their claims causes much indignation.

Released from Quarantine.

San Francisco, July 28.—The steamer

City of Peking, in quarantine three days

since her arrival from Hong Kong and

Yokohama, under the rules of the Board of

Health, was allowed to dock this morning,

having been thoroughly fumigated.

Railway Postal Clerk Arrested.

Portland (Or.), July 28.—Today D. F.

Watkins, railway postal agent on the route

between Portland and Oakdale, was arrested

on a charge of appropriating a package con-

taining about \$300 in June last.

Booked for the Yosemite.

San Francisco, July 28.—Samuel Miller,

the Southern Pacific tourist agent, says

that he has already booked about 400 teach-

ers for the Yosemite Valley. They are

now going out at the rate of from 30 to 40 a

day.

Cottont Residence Burned.

San Rafael, July 28.—The magnificent

residence of Mrs. Alexander Forbes at Cul-

loden Park was totally destroyed by fire

last night. The loss is estimated at \$60,000,

and the insurance at \$35,000.

Grain Burned.

Portland (Or.), July 28.—Yesterday

fire near Watslins, Wash., destroyed over

5000 bushels of grain and other property.

Loss, \$400.

Death of a War Governor.

Leavenworth (Kan.), July 28.—Ex-Gov.

Carney, the second executive and war

Governor of Kansas, died this morning of

his injuries.

THE TURF.

A Great Day at Detroit—A Rider

Killed at Saratoga.

Detroit, July 28.—[By the Associated

Press.] The track was in excellent condition.

In the 2:27 class Daireen won, Frank

Buford second. Best time, 2:21 1/4.

Pacing, 2:30 class—Buddy Doble won,

Osmond second, Jack Curry third. Time,

2:30 1/4.

The 2:40 class was the race of the day, and

thousands of dollars were in the pool boxes.

Red Light, the second favorite, had been

suffering for some time from pinkeye, but

was pronounced better. He started in this

morning a little lame, but seemed to lose

his lameness as he warmed up. In the sec-

ond heat he was crowding the leader, when

he suddenly fell dead. The horse was

valued at \$6000. June Mont won, Lady

Helen second, So Long third, Rajah fourth.

Best time, 2:32.

The 4:24 class Kit Curry won, Earl

Metcalfe second, Blackie third, Sham-

ron fourth. Best time, 2:19 1/2.

The great special race between Prince

Wilkes and Guy was for \$3000. Guy won

first and second heats, Prince Wilkes won

third, fourth and fifth heats. Best time,

2:32 1/2.

The great pacer Yonset, with running

mate, made a mile in 2:06, beating the best

previous record by one second.

AT MONMOUTH PARK.

MONMOUTH PARK, July 28.—Seven-

eighths of a mile—Brali won, Swift second,

Plateolet third. Time, 2:18 1/4.

Sapping stakes, three-quarters of a mile—

Tiptoe won, Favolare colt second, Cadence colt third. Time, 1:15 1/4.

Karitan stakes, mile and a quarter—Race

land won, Paragon second, Kaleidoscope

third. Time, 2:13.

Mile and a quarter—Montague and Frank

ran a dead heat in 2:10 1/4; owners divided

stakes.

SEASIDE, July 28.—[By the Associated

Press.] San Diegans who are makin-

g a lively visit for Judge Works for Chief

Justice have established headquarters at the

Palace Hotel. There was talk this evening

of the then nomination to Congress from the

Sixth District, and making the rivalry

more complicated.

THAT MASKED MAN.

He Gets in His Work on the Red-

ding Stage.

REDDING, July 28.—[By the Associated

Press.] The Redding and Big Valley stage

was robbed this morning by a masked man

on top of Bullion Hill, 25 miles from Red-

ding. The mail and express box were

taken. No passengers were in the stage.

Dan de Forrest was driving the stage,

which was coming this way.

ONE RULE FOR ALL.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 28.—General

Manager Stubbs of the Southern Pacific

Company telegraphed from New York

today that the Texas Traffic Association

has decided to adopt classification on

freight, thus giving all roads in the North-

west and Southwest the same classifi-

cation as the railroads.

An advance in the sugar rate to \$1 per

hundred pounds by transcontinental lines

to all Texas common points, is announced

to take effect on August 8th.

Affairs at Folsom.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 28.—Gov. Water-

man was in the city today, and speaking of

the great dam for water power at Folsom

expressed himself as much pleased the

public.

Warden McCull will go to San Quentin

on Monday and transfer ten picked masons

and stonecutters among the convicts to

assist on the dam.

The third mason, one of the dead men

was identified as one of the Sonora train-

robbers.

Festivals.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 28.—The Pacific

Coast division of the North American Turn-

ers' Union holds its annual festival in this

city, commencing tomorrow and lasting

over four days. Five hundred visitors

will be here this morning from Sacra-

mento, San Jose and other parts of the

State, and a grand torchlight procession

is held.

A Modest Delegate.

WALLA WALLA (Wash.), July 28.—In

a letter to a prominent gentleman of this

city, Delegate to Congress Voorhees, Demo-

crat, says regarding the Congressional nomi-

nation: "I do not want the nomination.

I must be permitted to take my place in

the ranks during the ensuing campaign, and

to subsequently resume the practice of my

profession. My renomination must not be seriously considered."

Gen. Dimond at San Jose.

SAN JOSE, July 28.—At the headquarters

of the First Regiment there was a grand re-

ception to Maj.-Gen. Dimond and Brig.

Gen. Cutting and their staffs. A large

crowd was present at the review. The band

gave a fine concert in front of the Colonel's

</div

SANTA ANA.

A BREEZY LETTER FROM A "TIMES" EMISSARY.

Something Approaching a Mob-Notes of Business and Business Men-Connection with the Seashore-Harbor Improvements.

SANTA ANA, July 24.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] I was always impressed with the saying that "Westward the star of empire takes its way," but taking Los Angeles as a focal point where everything centers and where everything radiates, I feel at present as if the aforesaid star was sailing about southeast, or towards Santa Ana. I arrived here Saturday evening. As soon as it became known that a TIMES representative was in town my room was besieged until it was so crowded that the feet of many were sticking out of the transom, and all clamoring for the paper. Of course I distributed all the copies I had with me, and took the names and coin of new subscribers far into the small hours of the night. Santa Ana is strictly a Sunday town. All business is suspended and the day devoted, as it should be, to higher purposes than that of human trade and traffic. I went to church Sunday morning, and in the afternoon, in company with Mr. H. B. Keeler, the genial manager of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe business at this point, made a trip to the Ocean-shell beach, distant about ten miles, seven of which was made on a dummy road, and the balance by stage. The road is now running to Fair View, and will soon be completed to the beach. Work on a harbor here is being pushed by Santa Ana capitalists, headed by Mr. James McFadden, and soon here will be a great business point and a lovely resort under the auspices of Santa Ana, and connected with this city by rail. This, of course, will add largely to the business interests of the city. But the place has less need of such aids than any town I know of on the slope. Santa Ana was always a good town from the start. Nor is climate her sole stock in trade. This she has in common with other California towns, but the crowning feature of the contiguous country, which is truly the best in the world, the bustle on the streets and the ring of the hammer from early morning to night, plainly tells that business is brisk, and when you speak of dull times people look dumbfounded. Cleveland and free trade, of course, have few friends in such a community. I have met many of the leading citizens and business men, among them James McFadden, the large ranch owner, living one mile south of town. Mr. McFadden has his splendid ranch stocked with 400 head of fine cattle and a fine assortment of blooded horses and other stock, and as already intimated, is the leading light in the new harbor now being built near Newport. The reason for building the new wharf is because the present one is inadequate to answer the growing demands of the valley. George T. Insley is Marshal of the city. He is a smiling, jolly fellow, and ready to shake hands on the slightest provocation.

I also met Mr. W. H. Crane, the popular contractor and builder. Mr. Crane showed me several large buildings he has under way, and predicts the influx of great crowds from the East this fall.

Judge W. H. Humphrey, for 13 years established here, occupies himself by alternately loaning money, dealing out justice or acting as notary and conveyancer. The Judge is a Democrat, but takes THE TIMES, and, as the awful fate of Cleveland draws near, consoles himself by turning to his business, real estate and insurance—which is extensive enough to keep several men busy.

C. M. Grepper & Bro. run the Santa Ana chop and oyster-house, and, of course, read THE TIMES. Mr. S. J. Pierson reads THE MIRROR, and Mr. Neel does likewise.

Messrs. Grumbach & Schumacher are the ice and soda men of the city, and do a large business.

Another prominent contractor is Mr. Hedges.

But what house is not beautified by a carpet, and here is where Mr. R. W. Grant comes in. He has an immense stock of carpets, furniture, wall paper, and so forth, and reads THE TIMES.

The Reinharts Bros. are still in their old business merchandising. The leading candy factory is run by S. H. Titcher, who also deals in cigars, fruits, etc. Among the representatives of Blackstone here is E. K. Keech, who has his office at 435 Postoffice block. Mr. Keech is a young man, but is already enjoying a handsome practice. But I want to return to the furniture business. Another fine store of this kind is run by F. Bauerle & Son, where everything from a pillowcase to a cradle can be found. Among the leading grocers are Parker & Co. They carry everything in the grocery line, but make a specialty of Vermont maple sugar. The drug interests of the city are well represented. H. R. Bristol seems to be a great favorite among all. And this leads to doctors. I met Dr. J. A. Crane. He is one of the pleasantest gentlemen I ever met, and a man whose profession brings him a comfortable income. Such are some of the men I met and with whose business I became acquainted. I cannot close without mention of Mr. H. N. Short, the veteran newspaper man. Mr. Short once ran the Santa Ana Herald. He started the Pomona Times, Covina Independent and many other papers on this coast, but the editor's sanctum knows him no more. After 17 years of service in the chair in California he has taken refuge in a job office, where, secure from social and political storms, he works and laughs and enjoys life.

Altogether, Santa Ana is a much better town than I had supposed, although acquainted with it for a number of years, and, considering the growth of the town, the railroads, fine harbor and business interests in progress, it is safe to predict for this queen of the Santa Ana Valley a future that will surpass the present anticipations of the most sanguine. And so it may be.

YACON.

Cleveland's Free-trade Ideas Please the British.

The London Times, having a letter from President Cleveland in its possession, after quoting passages from it, editorially says: "It would hardly be possible to put the free-trade case more clearly or more strongly." The arguments which Cleveland uses are those which Cobden used to employ 45 years ago, and which any English free trader would employ now. They are purely free-trade arguments, and, as such, we are glad to see Cleveland using them, though sorry for the popular infatuation which makes it dangerous to give them their right name."

FRESH LITERATURE.

SEA LEAVES. BY CAMILLE K. VON K. Santa Barbara. Printed by the Independent Company.

This little volume has in it much of poetic tenderness and beauty. We catch the beat of the sea in its pulses, and its tenderer cadences are poured in its flowing rhythm. It holds also much of the beautiful atmosphere of the place where it was written. Nature must have crept into the heart of the author, and inspired her songs and set her thoughts to tune. It is said that California is the land of poets, and many there are who sing. But these "Sea Leaves" have a freshness and charm about them that will please like the June salty breath of the sea. The sea glimmers before our sight, sometimes in sunlight and sometimes in shadow, but it has something in keeping with all our moods, and so these songs are gay or sad with somewhat to touch our varying feelings, while Nature's heart is throbbing beneath them all.

The following is the charming little prelude to the volume:

"What if some traveler should espouse these leaves? There's summer sea-caves lying on the sand? Some stranger grows half weary of the land? Should gather up these leaves in my fancy weaves?"

"With a sad longing? Ah, my hope believes Too much As fallen downward from my hand."

These sea-songs flutter, they upon this shore waste their bloom, shall die, while noone grieves.

Our summer leaves, by furious tempest shocks Torn rude and bleeding from your native rocks.

Faint admirations only can give

"The secret underwood? The gift?—I speech Betrays me too upon this alien beach."

Then why should song of mine presume to live?"

"Of Italy and California" she sings as follows:

"Wist to see thy roses, Italy!

That men and women, friends and lovers

In chattering shoals across the continent?

Or for thy jasmine buds they braved the sea?

"Our own beloved needs no alien grace,

The rare, scented glory of her face,

Heracious tresses, flowers that intertwine,

"Draw distant worshippers of every race.

She needs no stumbling footsteps on a sunrie,

Needs not this stammering tenderness of mine."

BEWITCHED, a tale, by LEWIS PENDLETON

With Cassell & Company (Limited) Publishers.

This volume is one of the popular "Sunshine" series of Cassell's "Choice Fiction." The story is laid at the South, and opens at the period just prior to the commencement of the War of the Rebellion. The first chapters are descriptive of the early life of the hero, a lonely boy, uncared for during the later years of childhood and early manhood, fighting the battle of life as best he may alone. The story is full of shifting scenes and incidents of exciting interest, but ends happily, as all stories of the heart should. For sale by Lazarus & Melzer, Los Angeles.

A BACHELOR'S WEDDING TRIP. By H. M. STAFFORD. The Pen Publishing Company, Philadelphia Pa.

The author's "apology" for the book is as follows:

"Upon the flames that licked the glowing logs; upon the wreaths of fragrant smoke that floated above my head, my Theory sported in a merry mood, while somber Practice shrank abashed into a shadowed corner of the room. Hall, Queen of Lapland, I cried, "I have a secret of that needed life which thy sweet beckoning lures so many maidens and men to seek with eager feet and hearts at bursting for the radiant prize."

"They came, but cold-eyed Practice said: "They are but air!" And darkening mists arose where all was light. And in them figures stalked—shapes of alloy—and Joy was dimmed; but on her brow one star shone pure and bright. A star? A face! Love lit the glorious eyes; and on their beams my soul was borne to heaven."

"The fire was out; gray ashes in my hand; and Practice close beside me, said again, 'All was but air!'

"Then Theory, wailing, cried, 'Nay, 'tis not true! All was not air! Linn with thy pen the visions thou hast seen; voice with thy pen the whispered words of love, the tender, hidden thoughts mirrored for thy views; and they who read, comparing their own lives, shall cry with me 'Love lives and reigns, the monarch of the world!' But Practice shook his head. And so the book was written."

MAGAZINES.

The Wide Awake is a fresh delight to the children with every mouth, and the July number is no exception to this rule. It opens with a delightful narrative of "Helen Small," by Sallie Joy White, while a frontispiece presents the photograph of this young little deaf and dumb blind girl. Other readers will peruse the sketch with interest, no less than the more juvenile tale. The story of "Plucky Small" is continued, and it is a story that will go right home to every boy's heart.

"Etelka's Choice," by Susan Coolidge, is one of the most charming of fairy stories, showing most conclusively that happiness cannot be bought with gold, and the choice of riches often brings sorrow. "The Children of James Monroe," by Harriet Taylor Upton, takes the reader back a century or more, and affords us interesting glimpses of life in those old days. "The Little Princess," by Geraldine Butt, is a lovely story in verse, which all the children will be pleased to hear. These are but a few of the many delightful features of the July Wide Awake. D. Lathrop Company, Boston, Mass.

PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED.

DICTIONARY OF THE ENGLISH AND GERMAN LANGUAGES. By L. Schick. Publisher.

SPANISH SIMPLIFIED, forming a complete course of instruction for the purposes of reading, business and travel. By ARTHUR COLE. New York: A. Knodell, Publisher.

OFFICIAL REPORT OF THE NINTH FRUIT-GROWERS' CONVENTION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, held under the auspices of the State Board of Horticulture at the city of Santa Barbara, April 9-12, 1888. Compiled by W. M. LELONG, Secretary. Sacramento: State Office.

LITERARY NOTES.

St. Nicholas for August comes to our table full of fresh, bright things for the young people. The opening "Story of the Sea Serpent" is well illustrated, and the after pages are of interest to old as well as young.

"The Prohibition Rocket" is the new name for the earnest exhortations now in process of delivery by a rather better class of life-long Democrats. They, who never mixed a drink while able to stand alone, now claim "prohibition" to be a noble cause, and then quietly retire behind a screen door and repeat what the governors of the Carolinas had to say to each other.

ATE 35,000 Breakfasts Together.

At the hacienda of Rio Florida, in Mexico, there lives a man 120 years old. His wife is in her 111th year. The owners of the hacienda and the people of the neighboring plantations anticipate the pleasure of giving this aged Indian couple a great many presents on the one hundredth anniversary of their wedding day.

The London Times, having a letter from President Cleveland in its possession, after quoting passages from it, editorially says: "It would hardly be possible to put the free-trade case more clearly or more strongly." The arguments which Cleveland uses are those which Cobden used to employ 45 years ago, and which any English free trader would employ now. They are purely free-trade arguments, and, as such, we are glad to see Cleveland using them, though sorry for the popular infatuation which makes it dangerous to give them their right name."

OUR BOYS AND GIRLS.

ANOTHER BRACE OF LETTERS FROM LOS JOS VENES.

From Denver to the Sea—Rabbits and Other Pets—"Want to See the Wheels Go Round"—"Kite-making and a Bread-making Boy."

I was pleased to find, with the beginning of the week, two letters from the children for our column. We catch the beat of the sea in its pulses, and its tenderer cadences are poured in its flowing rhythm. It holds also much of the beautiful atmosphere of the place where it was written. Nature must have crept into the heart of the author, and inspired her songs and set her thoughts to tune. It is said that California is the land of poets, and many there are who sing. But these "Sea Leaves" have a freshness and charm about them that will please like the June salty breath of the sea. The sea glimmers before our sight, sometimes in sunlight and sometimes in shadow, but it has something in keeping with all our moods, and so these songs are gay or sad with somewhat to touch our varying feelings, while Nature's heart is throbbing beneath them all.

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BUSINESS.

Stocks and Bonds.

By Telegraph to The Times.
New York, July 28.—Money on call easy at 10½% per cent.

Prime mercantile paper, 40¢/4.

Sterling exchange, dull and ready, with actual business at 4.83½ for 60-day bills, 4.87% for demand.

New York, July 28.—The stock market was quite dull and decidedly weak today, and everything on the list is fractionally lower than last evening.

Government bonds, dull but steady.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, July 28.
*U. S. 4s. 12½% N. Y. Central, 105½.
*U. S. 4s. 12½% Northern Pacific 25½.
*U. S. 4½s. 107½ N. P. preferred, 56½.
*U. S. 4½s. 107½ Northwestern, 111½.
Pacific 6s. 107½ Or. Improvement, 63.
American Ex. 107½ On. Navigation, 92.
Canada 6s. 57½ Pacific Mail, 33½.
Central Pacific, 37½ Reading, 64.
C. & Q. 1½% Rock Island, 107½.
Del. & Lack. 34½ St. L. & S. F., 33½.
D. & R. G. 15½ Paul & Paul, 38.
T. & G. 15½ Texas, 20.
Lake Shore, 9½ Texas Pacific, 20.
Lou. & Nash. 60½ Union Pacific, 57½.
Michigan Can. 81½ U. S. Express, 76.
Missouri Pacific, 75½ Wells-Fargo, 38.
Kans. & Texas, 15½ Western Union, 79½.
*Registered. *Coupons.

MINING STOCKS.

New York, July 28.
Best & Belcher, 30 San Diego, 32½.
Builer, 75 Caledonia B & H 2 40.
Cal. & Va., 45 Peoria, 45.
Eureka, 5 50 Homestake, 10.
Iron Silver, 2 50 Lee Basin, 3 25.
Mono, 1 15 Navajo, 1 25.
N. Bell Isle, 3 00 Ontario, 2 25.
Ophir, 6 00 Plymouth, 7 50.
Sierra Nevada, 3 00 Standard, 1 00.
New York, July 28.—Bar silver, 91½% per ounce.

SAN FRANCISCO STOCKS.

San Francisco, July 28.
Best & Belcher, 40 Peoria, 45.
C. & Q. 75 Northern, 10.
Chollar, 2 80 Ophir, 6 37½.
Con. Virginia, 9 22½ Potosi, 2 60.
Confidence, 18 50 Savage, 3 25.
Gould & Curry, 3 30 Sierra Nevada, 3 20.
Hale & Nor., 5 87½ Union Can., 3 40.
Locomotive, 10 1½ Yellow Jacket, 4 20.
SAN FRANCISCO, July 28.—Silver bars, 91½% per ounce.

BOSTON STOCKS.

Boston, July 28.—Closing prices: Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe's first, 78, 12½; land and freight, 28; do railroad bonds, 88½; Chicago, Bushnell and Quincy, 11½; Mexican Central, 14%; do bond scrip, 10; do first mortgage bonds, 67%; San Diego Land Company, 33½.

Grain.

San Francisco, July 28.—Wheat: Steady; buyer, 1888, 1,53½. Barley: A shade easier; buyer, 1,004; buyer, 1888, 93½. Corn: White, 135½, yellow, 11½. Mexican Central, 14%; do bond scrip, 10; do first mortgage bonds, 67%; San Diego Land Company, 33½.

SACRAMENTO STOCKS.

Sacramento, July 28.—Wheat: Steady; buyer, 1888, 1,53½. Barley: A shade easier; buyer, 1,004; buyer, 1888, 93½. Corn: White, 135½, yellow, 11½. Mexican Central, 14%; do bond scrip, 10; do first mortgage bonds, 67%; San Diego Land Company, 33½.

NEW YORK General Markets.

New York, July 28.—Hogs: Quiet and steady; California No. 1, 76½.
Sugar: Dull and unchanged; refined, 5½; C. 6½-16%; extra C. 6½-16%; white extra C. 6½-16%; yellow, 6 31-100%; confections A. 11-16½%.

Lard: Firm; domestic, 3,93½.

Tin: Irregular, straits, 15,40.

Coffee: Spot fair Rio dull and nominal at 15%; options, opened weak, but closed steadier; sales, 16,000 bags; July, 11,20; August, 10,600/10,63; September, 10,00.

Live Stock.

Chicago, July 28.—Cattle: Receipts, 2,000; market slow and unchanged; weight, 3,750-5,750; stockers and feeders, 2,000/3,600; Texas cattle, 2,000/3,600; Wyoming feeders, 3,350.

Hogs: Receipts, 8,000; market 5½@10½ higher; mixed, 5½@6½; heavy, 6 10½-6,57½; light, 6½@6½.

Sheep: Receipts, 1000; market steady; natives, 3,00@4,50; western sheep, 3,00@4,00; Texas sheep, 3,00@4,00.

Pork.

Chicago, July 28.—Pork: Steady; cash, 14,27½; August, 14,27½; September, 14,37½.
Chicago, July 28.—Shoulders, 7,25@7,40; short cleas, 8,75@8,90; short ribs, 5,30.

Lard.

Chicago, July 28.—Lard: Steady; cash, 8,87½; August, 8,87½; September, 8,82½@8,83.

Whisky.

Chicago, July 28.—Whisky: 1,30.
Los Angeles Markets.

EGGS—Fresh, 2½@28¢; eastern eggs, 12½@18¢.

CHEESE—Eastern, 15¢; large, 2-lb hand, 18¢; domestic Swiss, 20¢/21¢; limburger, 19¢.

BUTTER—Large, 1 lb, roll, per roll, 55¢/60¢.

cheese, roll, do, 55¢/60¢; fair roll, do, 45¢; pickled roll, do, 50¢/60¢; firkin, choice, do, 22¢/22¢; firkin, cooking, do, 12½/16¢.

PROVISIONS—Breakfast bacon, can-
vased or without, 13½%; light bacon, 13½%; clear bacon, 13½%; medium bacon, 12½%; ham, 12½%; shoulder, 6¢.

LARD—40-lb tins, 10½%; 3-lb pails, 11½%; 5-lb pails, 10½%; 10-lb pails, 11½%; 15-lb pails, 10½%; 20-lb pails, 10½%; 30-lb pails, 10½%; 50-lb pails, 10½%; 100-lb pails, 10½%; 150-lb pails, 10½%; 200-lb pails, 10½%; 300-lb pails, 10½%; 500-lb pails, 10½%; 1,000-lb pails, 10½%; 2,000-lb pails, 10½%; 3,000-lb pails, 10½%; 5,000-lb pails, 10½%; 10,000-lb pails, 10½%; 20,000-lb pails, 10½%; 30,000-lb pails, 10½%; 50,000-lb pails, 10½%; 100,000-lb pails, 10½%; 200,000-lb pails, 10½%; 300,000-lb pails, 10½%; 500,000-lb pails, 10½%; 1,000,000-lb pails, 10½%; 2,000,000-lb pails, 10½%; 3,000,000-lb pails, 10½%; 5,000,000-lb pails, 10½%; 10,000,000-lb pails, 10½%; 20,000,000-lb pails, 10½%; 30,000,000-lb pails, 10½%; 50,000,000-lb pails, 10½%; 100,000,000-lb pails, 10½%; 200,000,000-lb pails, 10½%; 300,000,000-lb pails, 10½%; 500,000,000-lb pails, 10½%; 1,000,000,000-lb pails, 10½%; 2,000,000,000-lb pails, 10½%; 3,000,000,000-lb pails, 10½%; 5,000,000,000-lb pails, 10½%; 10,000,000,000-lb pails, 10½%; 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THE CITY IN BRIEF.

Council meeting tomorrow.

The Cleveland and Thurman Club will meet at their rooms at 7:30 o'clock Monday evening.

Frank Bartlett, Woman's Relief Corps, No. 7, will give a white-dress party at Arroyo Hall next Thursday evening.

The Joran sisters' concert will take place at the Third Presbyterian Church, corner of Hill and Pine streets, tomorrow evening.

Judge O'Melveny yesterday postponed consideration of the motion for a new trial in the libel case against B. A. Stephens until August 10.

Today Bishop C. C. Pettigrew will preach in this city. In the forenoon he will be at 113 Requena street, and in the evening he will preach in Arroyo Hall.

St. Paul's Church. Seats absolutely free. Charles Birdsall, rector. Service at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. The Rev. James Buncle, D.D., the Rev. Joseph, Mo., will preach.

Quite a number of us for sum ranging from a few hundred dollars to \$12,000, were begun in the Superior Court yesterday. The majority of them were on promissory notes.

All members of the "Royal Arcanum" interested in establishing a council in Los Angeles are requested to send their names to W. R. Mackendrick, at J. T. Sheward's, 10 North Spring street.

The Rev. Dr. Haskins of Brooklyn, N.Y., will preach at Christ Church, Opera House Hall, this morning at 11 o'clock. Christ Church Parish is to give a reception this week to Dr. Haskins.

Plymouth Congregational Church, A. J. Well, pastor, will hold services in Los Angeles College, corner of Eighth and Hope streets, at 11 a.m. The pastor, Subject: "Lessons from the Thorn."

The Los Angeles Gas Company is out with a card offering to furnish gas on the line of any competitive company's pipes at \$1 per 1000 feet, and to all other consumers at \$2.50 per 1000 feet. The war still rages. The Prohibitionists were out in force last evening in the vicinity of the courthouse, and for a time stood around 400 or 500 feet, stood around on Market street listening to the more or less eloquent speeches delivered from the stand on Market street.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union Telegraph office, No. 6 Court street, for the following people: Henry F. Barnes, James Burke, J. H. Abel, Carl A. Reed, Thomas Mills, M. A. Julian.

The Board of Equalization met in the Council chamber last evening and adjusted several complaints. They will meet again Tuesday and Thursday morning at 10 o'clock and Friday evening at 7 o'clock to hear complaints and adjust differences.

There was a great deal of talk on the streets for the past two days of a prize fight between a couple of blacksmiths early Friday morning, at some point in the suburbs, but diligent inquiry failed to discover any one who knew anything positive about it.

There was talk on the streets yesterday of a scheme to get the Democrats to offer some independence to "Steve" White to enter the race again for District Attorney, but up to a late hour the rumor had not been confirmed. It is not believed that Mr. White will consent to the sacrifice.

By special orders just issued from headquarters leave of absence one month has been granted to Capt. A. H. Bowles, Capt. J. M. Lee, Ninth Infantry, and furloughs of four months to Sergeant Peter Van Haaren, Ninth Infantry, and Private Robert Gultz, the band, Sixth Cavalry.

Licenses to marry were yesterday issued to Charles S. Dougherty, aged 27, and Alice Baker, aged 25; to Charles S. Santa Ana and Almenita; Josie M. Mc Clintock, aged 38, and S. B. Steinman, aged 38, both of Los Angeles; W. M. Allen, aged 27, and Sadie Matherson, residents of Los Angeles.

The racehorse Consulito arrived on the 7:30 train last evening from Santa Barbara, in charge of his owner, Mr. Den, who also brought two other horses. Consulito was taken out to Arcuriental Park. The horse is in good condition, and will make a good run Thursday in the match race with Del.

There was to have been a meeting of the Board of Freetholders yesterday afternoon, but the same did not get together in the Council chamber, and the meeting was opened. A meeting will be held Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock, when the work of revision will be taken up and pushed to a conclusion.

At the Cathedral services, at 10 o'clock this morning, Marzo's Mass, a fine composition by Scott, will be rendered. Miss Flora Preston will sing the solo parts; also a fine soprano solo for the offertory. The other performers will be A. G. Gardner, organist; Miss O'Canes soprano; Mrs. Gardner, alto; Mrs. Hannahan, tenor; Mr. Laub, basso, and a fine chorus.

A little news is needed. Antonio Perez met with a severe fall on the 1st of June, and was in hospital for a week, and the doctor said he did not get together in the Council chamber, and the meeting was opened. A meeting will be held Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock, when the work of revision will be taken up and pushed to a conclusion.

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Boys' Dress Hats, 25c Each.

Men's Dress Hats, 25c Each.

Men's Flat Caps, 25c Each.

Men's Felt Hats, 25c Each.

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